

# Final

Math 181, Section 3  
May 8th, 2000

Name:

Calculators are permitted unless they have a built-in algebra system.  
You are permitted two two-sided, letter-sized sheets of handwritten notes.

At least one mark will be taken off for every constant of integration that is missing!

## Part I - Short Answer

Write your answer in the space provided. No partial credit.

### Question 1

Write down the following derivatives:

(a)  $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(x^2 + 1))$

(b)  $\frac{d}{dt}(6t^2 - 4t + \sqrt[3]{t} - \frac{1}{t^2})$

(c)  $\frac{d}{dx}((x^3 + 1)^2(5x^2 - 2)^{100})$

(9 points)

### Question 2

Find the value of the following integrals:

(a)  $\int 2x \cos(x^2 + 1) dx$

(b)  $\int_0^1 6t^2 - 4t + \sqrt[3]{t} - \frac{1}{t^2} dx$

(c)  $\int_0^\pi \cos^2 \theta d\theta$

(9 points)

**Question 3**

Write down the following limits:

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2 + 5}{7x - 1} + \cos 2x$

(b)  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{t}$

(c)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{3+h} - \frac{1}{3}\right)}{h}$

(b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{7x^2 - 3}{5x^2 - 2x + 1}$

(8 points)

**Question 4**

If

$$xy^3 - 3y^2 + 5x^3 \sin y = 0$$

find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .


(5 points)

**Question 5**

A weight hanging from a spring is pulled 0.1 metres downwards from its equilibrium point. If the force exerted by the spring is

$$F(x) = 5x$$

Newtons, where  $x$  is the distance of the weight from equilibrium, find the work done in moving the spring.



(5 points)

**Question 6**

Sketch the graph of a function  $f(x)$  which has all of the following properties:

- a.  $f(x)$  is continuous.
- b.  $f(x)$  is increasing on  $(-\infty, 0]$  and  $[2, \infty)$ .
- c.  $f(x)$  is decreasing on  $[0, 2]$ .
- d.  $f(x)$  is concave up on  $(-\infty, -1]$  and  $[0, 2]$ .
- e.  $f(x)$  is concave down on  $[-1, 0]$  and  $[2, \infty)$ .



(5 points)

### Question 7

Consider the function

$$f(x) = \cos x - x$$

on the interval  $[0, \pi]$ .

Which of the following statements are false, and which are true:

- a.  $f(x)$  is continuous.
- b.  $f(x) = 0$  at some point in  $[0, \pi]$ .
- c.  $\int f(x) dx = \sin x - x^2/2$ .
- d.  $f'(x) = -\frac{\pi+2}{\pi}$  at some point in  $[0, \pi]$ .
- e.  $f'(x) = 0$  at some point in  $[0, \pi]$ .

(5 points)

### Question 8

Write down the integral which corresponds to the Riemann sum

$$\lim_{\|P\| \rightarrow 0} \sum_{k=1}^n 2c_k \sin c_k \Delta x_k$$

taken over the interval  $[1, 2]$ . (Don't try to calculate its value.)

(4 points)

## Part II - Long Answer

You must show all relevant working. You will get no credit for a correct answer if there is no working.

### Question 9

A thin plate is bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$ ,  $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$  and  $x = 2$ . The density of the plate at is given by the function  $\delta(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ .

(a) Sketch the region the plate covers in the  $xy$ -plane.

(b) Find the centre of mass of the plate.

(15 points)

**Question 10**

A particle moves from right to left along a parabola  $y = \sqrt{-x}$  in such a way that its  $x$ -coordinate (in metres) decreases at a rate of  $8\text{ms}^{-1}$ .

How fast is the angle  $\theta$  between the line joining the particle to the origin and the  $x$ -axis changing when  $x = -4$ ?

(15 points)

**Question 11**

A rectangular sheet of paper is rolled into a cylinder with open ends. If the perimeter of the sheet of paper is 36 centimeters, what side lengths give a cylinder with the greatest volume?

(10 points)

**Question 12**

Verify, using the limit definition of the derivative, that for any functions  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$ ,

$$\frac{d}{dx}(f(x) - g(x)) = \frac{d}{dx}f(x) - \frac{d}{dx}g(x).$$

(10 points)

## Extra Credit

You must show all relevant working. If you will get no credit for a correct answer if there is no working.

### Question 13

The product rule says that

$$\frac{d}{dx}(uv) = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

(a) Integrate both sides and re-arrange to show that:

$$\int u \frac{dv}{dx} dx = uv - \int v \frac{du}{dx} dx$$

(Hint:  $uv$  is an antiderivative of  $\frac{d}{dx}(uv)$ .)

(b) Let  $u = x$  and  $\frac{dv}{dx} = \sin x$ . What are possible values of  $\frac{du}{dx}$  and  $v$ ?

(c) Use part (b) to show that

$$\int x \sin x \, dx = -x \cos x + \sin x + C.$$

(d) Verify (c) by differentiation.

(20 points)